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> Evaluator: JY/WAL/BL Date: 06/28/2019

Text in green is to be part of UC Santa Cruz building database and may be part of UCOP database

### DATE: 2019-06-28

### UC Santa Cruz building seismic ratings Visual Arts Facilities-Building G

CAAN #7499 Elena Baskin Visual Arts, Santa Cruz, CA 95064

### UCSC Campus: Main Campus

Southeast Corner (Looking Northwest)



Plan



Rating summary	Entry	Notes		
UC Seismic Performance Level (rating)	V (Poor)			
Rating basis	Tier 1	ASCE 41-17 <sup>1</sup>		
Date of rating	2019			
Recommended list assignment (UC Santa Cruz category for retrofit)	Priority B	Priority A=Retrofit ASAP Priority B=Retrofit at next permit application		
Ballpark total construction cost to retrofit to IV rating <sup>2</sup>	Medium (\$50-200/sf)	See recommendations on further evaluation and retrofit.		
Is 2018-2019 rating required by UCOP?	Yes	Building was not previously rated		
Further evaluation recommended?	Yes	Focused on analysis of current wood braced frame connections and possible improvement to the seismic resistance of the building in general		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We translate this Tier 1 evaluation to a Seismic Performance Level rating using professional judgment. Non-compliant items in the Tier 1 evaluation do not automatically put a building into a particular rating category, but we evaluate such items along with the combination of building features and potential deficiencies, focused on the potential for collapse or serious damage to the gravity supporting structure that may threaten occupant safety. See Section III.B of the 19 May 2017 *UC Seismic Safety Policy* and Method B of Section 321 of the 2016 *California Building Code*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Per Section III.A.4.i of the 26 March 2019 *UC Seismic Program Guidebook, Version 1.3*, the cost includes all construction cost necessitated by the seismic retrofit, including restoration of finishes and any triggered work on utilities or accessibility. It does not include soft costs such as design fees or campus costs. The cost is in 2019 dollars.

#### Building information used in this evaluation

- Architectural drawings by Marquis Associates, "Visual Arts Facilities, University of California, Santa Cruz," signed 14 Dec 1983, sheets A2.2, A2.4 and A3.1-A7.2 pertinent to Building 'E', 'F', and 'G'.
- Structural drawings by E.G. Hirsch & Associates, "Visual Arts Facilities, University of California, Santa Cruz," signed 14 Dec 1983, sheets S1, S3, S5 and S6-S8 pertinent to Building 'E', 'F' and 'G'.

### Additional building information known to exist

None

### Scope for completing this form

Reviewed structural drawings for original construction, made brief site visit on 16 May 2019, and carried out ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 evaluation.

### Brief description of structure

Baskin Building G is one of a cluster of seven similar buildings that forms the visual art studios of Department of Art at the campus. The complex was designed in 1983 by the architectural office of Marquis Associates and the structural office of E.G. Hirsch & Associates. Construction completion date is unknown.

The building is a single-story wood-frame structure that contains approximately 5,565 sf, with a canopy of approximately 1,061 sf. Counting the canopy at half yields 5,565 sf +  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 1,061 sf = 5,096 sf. Building G is linked to Building F to the north by what used to be a covered walk but now enclosed as a print studio. There is a continuous covered walk along the west side and the west end of the south side of the building. In plan, the building is comprised of three rectangular sections, each measuring 20 ft deep by various widths. Each rectangular section is constructed with diagonal wood braced frames in the E-W direction and plywood shear walls in the N-S direction. Adjacent sections share a line of diagonal wood brace frames. The roof diaphragm of each rectangular section slopes from the upper beam of the braced frame on the north (19'-8" average elevation) to the lower beam of the braced frame on the north (19'-8" average elevation) to the lower beam of the braced frame on the north (19'-8" average elevation) to the lower beam of the braced frame on the south (8'-6" average elevation). Wood joists sloping with the roof are spaced at 16" on center and supported by braced frame beams on each end. The upper and lower braced frame beams, 5 1/8" wide x 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " deep and 5 1/8" wide x 16  $\frac{1}{2}$ " deep respectively, are Douglas Fir glued laminated beam that run continuously between 6x6 end posts and over 6x8 or 8x8 interior posts. A 4" reinforced concrete slab-on-grade is observed exposed in most of the rooms.

The attached covered walk to the west of the building is constructed with plywood roof atop wood joist framing extending between exterior wall of the buildings and built-up wood posts. The floor is slab on grade exposed to weather.

<u>Building condition</u>: The building appears to be in relatively good condition. The viewed exposed connections and braces appeared to be generally consistent with the structural drawings.

Identification of levels: One story above slab-on-grade.

Foundation System: The perimeter walls bear on a curb supported by the thickened edge of the slab and then a continuous grade beam. The interior bearing walls are supported by the thickened slab and then a continuous grade beam. The grade beams are 1'0" wide x 1'4" minimum deep grade beam reinforced with #3 stirrups at 12" o.c. Braced frame posts are supported by 1'0"x1'0" pedestals integrated with the slab on 2'6"x2'6"x 1'4" minimum deep spread footings. All wood posts, 6x6s end posts, and 6x8s intermediate posts are anchored into the concrete curbs and thickened slab with anchor bolts. In the covered walk, the built-up columns are anchored to continuous concrete grade beams below similar to the typical building perimeter.

<u>Structural system for vertical (gravity) load</u>: The sawtooth roof is comprised of 5/8-inch plywood sheathing spanning atop 2x10 wood joists. Joists are supported at each end to wood braced frame glulam beams with face mounted joist hangers. Glulam beams span continuously between end posts and over interior posts. Walls use 2x6 studs at 24" o.c.

The attached covered walk is framed with 2x8 wood joist framing and 5/8-inch plywood sheathing. Joists are supported by a continuous 3x8 ledger screwed to exterior wall of the building on one end and bearing on top of built-up wood beam sections on the other side. The built-up wood beams are supported by built-up columns.

The covered walk is framed with 2x8 joist framing and 5/8-inch plywood sheathing. Joists are supported by built-up wood beams on each end. These beams are supported by built-up columns.

Structural system for lateral forces: In N-S direction, lateral forces are transferred from the plywood roof diaphragm through blocking at the eave to the top plate of the plywood shear walls per Detail 6 on Sheet S-8. The 5/8" plywood has 10d at 6" o.c. edge nailing. Loads at the base of the wall go into the continuous curb from the 3x6 sill through 5/8" diameter anchor bolts at 4'0" o.c. per Detail 16 on Sheet S-7. In the E-W direction, the plywood roof diaphragm spans between the upper beam of the wood braced frame at the ridge and the lower beam of adjacent wood braced frame at the bottom of the roof slope. More specifically, at the ridge, shear in the plywood is delivered into the upper beams through 2x blocking between each rafter (Detail 1 on Sheet S-8). At the low end, the plywood is nailed to 2x blocking and which is in turn face nailed to the glulam beam. An additional path for shear transfer at the low end is through a built-up roof that has a cross-slope for drainage. Plywood sheathing wraps over the built-up roof comprised of 2x4s and then to the face of continuous parapet walls built on top of the lower beam (Detail 3 on Sheet S-8). The braced frames on Lines I and J have four "Y" shapes. The braced frames on Line K have two "Y" shapes. The top of the "Y" is connected to the top glulam beam and the midheight of the "Y" connects to the low glulam beam which in turn is connected to a plywood shear wall. A clerestory above the low beam brings northern light to the studios. The braces are connected to the center post and to the glulam with steel side plates and ¾" diameter machine bolts typically in single shear. Details are on Sheet S-7.

At the attached covered walk, plywood sheathing stops at the inner face of the built-up columns per Detail 7 on Sheet S-8. All N-S direction lateral force is expected to be transferred through a continuous 3x8 ledger anchored to the face of the building exterior wall. In the E-W direction, lateral forces toward the building push the joists against the ledger onto the perimeter studs placing the studs in bending. When the canopy pulls away from the perimeter walls, the ledger is in cross-grain bending.

# Brief description of seismic deficiencies and expected seismic performance including mechanism of nonlinear response and structural behavior modes

Identified seismic deficiencies of the building include the following:

- The braced frames rely on a complicated set of force transfer details that include bolts in shear in the wood. These details have reduced end distances (4D rather than 7D) and limited ductility compared to a plywood shear wall that dissipates energy though nails in bending, and they are ultimately likely to lead to longitudinal splitting of the wood. This is an unusual structural system not covered by the wood frame Tier 1 checklists of ASCE 41-17. A Tier 2 deficiency-based analysis of the frames, their internal connections, and their connections to the shear walls is needed to understand better the capacity and performance of this lateral force-resisting system.
- At the canopy, transverse loads pulling the canopy away from the building will place the supporting ledger at the building stud walls in cross-grain bending. This could lead to loss of gravity support.
- Building G is connected by the canopy of the walkway to Building F without any seismic separation or collectors at either end. Out-of-phase movement between the buildings could lead to loss of gravity support.
- Building G is also connected for a portion of the north side of Building G to the south side of Building F with no seismic separation or collectors. Out-of-phase movement between the buildings could lead to loss of gravity support of the north end of the

Structural deficiency	Affects rating?	Structural deficiency	Affects rating?
Lateral system stress check (wall shear, column shear or flexure, or brace axial as applicable)	Y	Openings at shear walls (concrete or masonry)	N
Load path	Ν	Liquefaction	N
Adjacent buildings	Y	Slope failure	N
Weak story	Ν	Surface fault rupture	N
Soft story	N	Masonry or concrete wall anchorage at flexible diaphragm	N
Geometry (vertical irregularities)	Ν	URM wall height-to-thickness ratio	N
Torsion	Ν	URM parapets or cornices	N
Mass – vertical irregularity	Ν	URM chimney	N
Cripple walls	Ν	Heavy partitions braced by ceilings	N
Wood sills (bolting)	Ν	Appendages	N
Diaphragm continuity	Y		

### Summary of review of nonstructural life-safety concerns, including at exit routes.<sup>3</sup>

Light storage mezzanines inside office spaces were discovered during the brief site visit performed on 16 May 2019. Items stored on those are considered as falling hazard during an earthquake event. Lockers in the corridor should be properly braced from tipping over.

UCOP nonstructural checklist item	Life safety hazard?	UCOP nonstructural checklist item	Life safety hazard?
Heavy ceilings, feature or ornamentation above large lecture halls, auditoriums, lobbies or other areas where large numbers of people congregate	None observed	Unrestrained hazardous materials storage	None observed
Heavy masonry or stone veneer above exit ways and public access areas	None observed	Masonry chimneys	None observed
Unbraced masonry parapets, cornices or other ornamentation above exit ways and public access areas	None observed	Unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment such as water heaters, boilers, emergency generators, etc.	None observed

#### **Basis of rating**

A Seismic Performance Level rating of V is assigned to Building G based on the absence of an ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 quick check procedure for wood braced frames, the limited ductility in the braced frames, the poor out-of-plane transfer detail at the canopy to perimeter wall that relies on cross-grain bending, and the lack of collectors tying Buildings F and G together.

#### **Recommendations for further evaluation or retrofit**

We recommend that the campus perform a Tier 2 evaluation to review the lateral force-resisting capacity of the wood braced frame members, internal connections, and connections to the plywood shear wall. While ductility is low, it may be that there is sufficient capacity due to low demands. If the braced frames were found to be inadequate, connections could be strengthened or supplemental lateral resistance could be added, such steel moment frames to help continue to preserve the clerestory light. Retrofits would also include positive anchorage at the canopy to perimeter stud walls to prevent cross-grain bending. We assign the building to Priority Category B, as the retrofit of the building should be done when there are any plans for renovation or change of occupancy. Falling hazards reduction, such as the storage mezzanines, should be addressed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For these Tier 1 evaluations, we do not visit all spaces of the building; we rely on campus staff to report to us their understanding of if and where nonstructural hazards may occur.

### Peer review of rating

This seismic evaluation was discussed in a peer review meeting on 28 May 2019. Reviewers present were Joe Maffei of Maffei Structural Engineering and Holly Razzano and Jay Yin of Degenkolb. Comments from the reviewers have been incorporated into this report. The reviewers agreed with the assigned rating.

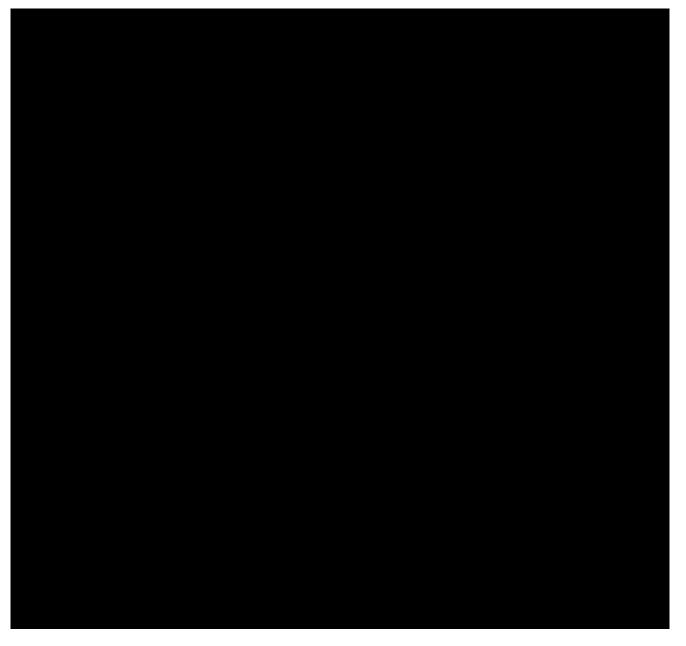
Additional building data	Entry	Notes
Latitude	36.994539	
Longitude	-122.061018	
Are there other structures besides this one under the same CAAN#	No	
Number of stories above lowest perimeter grade	1	
Number of stories (basements) below lowest perimeter grade	0	
Building occupiable area (OGSF)	5,096	6,273 sf in facilities database
Risk Category per 2016 CBC Table 1604.5	П	
Estimated fundamental period	0.14 sec	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18
Building structural height, h <sub>n</sub>	14 ft	Structural height defined per ASCE 7-16 Section 11.2
Coefficient for period, Ct	0.020	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18
Coefficient for period, $eta$	0.75	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18
Site data		
975-year hazard parameters S <sub>s</sub> , S <sub>1</sub>	1.281, 0.88	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
Site class	D	
Site class basis	<b>Geotech</b> <sup>4</sup>	See footnote below
Site parameters $F_a$ , $F_v$	1.0, 1.815	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
Ground motion parameters $S_{cs}$ , $S_{c1}$	1.631, 0.625	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
$S_a$ at building period	1.28	
Site V <sub>s30</sub>	900 ft/s	
V <sub>s30</sub> basis	Estimated	Estimated based on site classification of D.
Liquefaction potential	Low	
Liquefaction assessment basis	County map	See footnote below
Landslide potential	Low	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Determination of site class and assessment of geotechnical hazards are based on correspondence with Pacific Crest Geotechnical Engineers and Nolan, Zinn, and Associates Geologists. [*Revised Geology and Geologic Hazards, Santa Cruz Campus, University of California*, Job # 04003-SC 13 May 2005]. Site class is taken as D throughout the main campus of UC Santa Cruz. The following links provide hazard maps for liquefaction, landslide, and fault rupture:

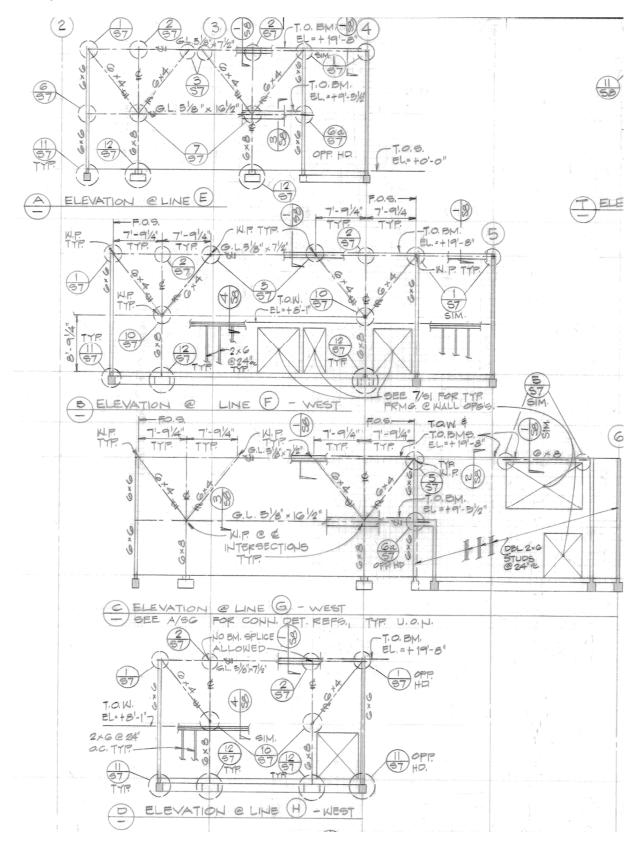
https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LiquifactionMap2009.pdf https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LandslideMap2009.pdf https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/FaultZoneMap2009.pdf

Landslide assessment basis	County map	See footnote below			
Active fault rupture identified at site	No	See lootilote below			
Fault rupture assessment basis	County map	See footnote below			
Site-specific ground motion study?	No	See lootilote below			
Applicable code	NO				
Applicable code or approx. date of original construction	Built: 1983 Code: 1982 UBC	Code inferred based on design year			
Applicable code for partial retrofit	None	No partial retrofit			
Applicable code for full retrofit	None	No full retrofit			
FEMA P-154 data					
Model building type North-South	W2 - Wood Frame				
Model building type East-West	Wood Braced Frame	No checklist is available in ASCE 41-17. Even though the building is wood frame and designed to a code after the 1982 UBC, the building was not benchmarked since the braced frames are not consistent with the W2 definition.			
FEMA P-154 score	N/A	Not included here because we performed ASCE 41 Tier 1 evaluation.			
Previous ratings					
Most recent rating	-	Not evaluated before			
Date of most recent rating	-	Indicated on spreadsheet			
2 <sup>nd</sup> most recent rating	-				
Date of 2 <sup>nd</sup> most recent rating	-				
3 <sup>rd</sup> most recent rating	-				
Date of 3 <sup>rd</sup> most recent rating	-				
Appendices					
ASCE 41 Tier 1 checklist included here?	Yes	Refer to attached checklist file			

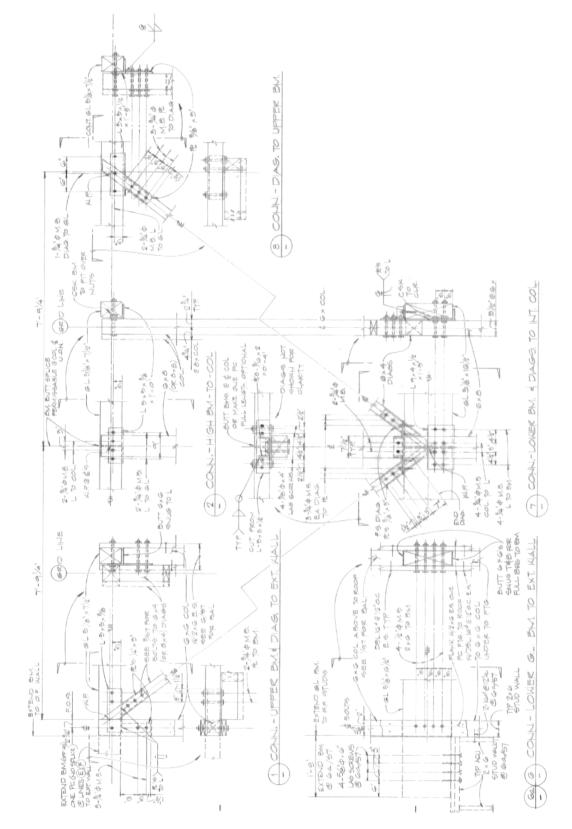
### **Color Coded Floor Plan**



### **Example Braced Frame Elevations**



UCSC Building Seismic Ratings EBASK BLDG G, CAAN #7499



### **Connection Detail between Main Elements of the Wood Diagonal Braced Frames**





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Evaluator: JY/WAL/BL Date: 06/28/2019

# **APPENDIX A**

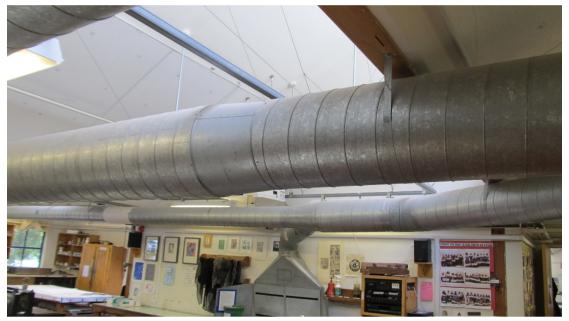
# **Additional Photos**



Southwest Corner of Building G (Looking Northeast)



Southeast Corner of Building G (Looking Northwest)



MEP Ducts and Equipment in Print Studio



### Storage Mezzanine in Offices







### **APPENDIX B**

### **ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 Checklists**

UC Campus:	Santa Cr	Date:		06/28/2019				
Building CAAN:	7499 Auxiliary CAAN:			By Firm:	Ruth	erford + Che	kene	
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G				YJ	Checked:	WAL/BL	
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, C	Page:	1	of	3			
ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration								

# ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 Checklists (Structural)

LO	W	SEI	SM	ICITY
BU	ILD	NG	SYS	STEMS - GENERAL
				Description
	NC	N/A	-	LOAD PATH: The structure contains a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1) Comments: 5/8" plywood roof diaphragms deliver loads to wood shear walls over strip footings in transverse direction
				and to wood diagonal braces and wood columns over spread footings.
	NC O	N/A □ (		ADJACENT BUILDINGS: The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 0.25% of the height of the shorter building in low seismicity, 0.5% in moderate seismicity, and 1.5% in high seismicity. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2)
				<b>Comments:</b> The canopy over the walkway connects Building G to Building F. There are no seismic separations or collectors on either side. To the east of the canopy, a portion of Building G also connects to Building F. There are no collectors linking Building F and G.
C	NC O	N/A		MEZZANINES: Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure or are anchored to the seismic- force-resisting elements of the main structure. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3)
				<b>Comments:</b> There are some light storage mezzaninesthat are not seismically braced.
BU	ILD	NG	SYS	STEMS - BUILDING CONFIGURATION
				Description
C O		N/A		WEAK STORY: The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Commentary: Sec. A2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1)
				Comments: Single story structure.
C O			U	SOFT STORY: The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2)
				Comments: Single story structure.
C O		N/A	U	VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES: All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3)
				Comments: All lateral force-resisting system elements are continuous to the foundation.

Source: University of California, Santa Cruz Page: 000016								
UC Camp	IS: Santa C	Santa Cruz			06/28/2019			
Building CAA	N: 7499	7499 Auxiliary By Firm: Rutherford + Cheke			kene			
Building Nan	IC: Elena Baskin Visual	Arts Building G	Initials:	JY	Checked:	WAL/BL		
Building Addre	SS: Santa Cruz, G	CA 95064	Page:	1	of	3		
		ASCE 41-17						
	Collapse Preve	ention Basic	Configura	tion				
C NC N/A U								
	in a story relative to adjacent stories, Sec. 5.4.2.4)	excluding one-story penti	nouses and mezzar	iines. (Com	mentary: Sec. A.2	2.2.5. Tier 2:		
	Comments: Single story structure.							
C NC N/A U	MASS: There is no change in effecti	ve mass of more than 50	)% from one story t	o the next.	Light roofs, pent	houses, and		
	mezzanines need not be considered.				0 /1	,		
	Comments: Single story structure.							
C NC N/A U	TORSION: The estimated distance b				f rigidity is less th	an 20% of		
	the building width in either plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6)							
	Comments: Flexible diaphragm							

### MODERATE SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW SEISMICITY)

### **GEOLOGIC SITE HAZARD** Description C NC N/A U LIQUEFACTION: Liquefaction-susceptible, saturated, loose granular soils that could jeopardize the building's seismic performance do not exist in the foundation soils at depths within 50 ft (15.2m) under the building. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.1. 00 0 0 Tier 2: 5.4.3.1) Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LiquifactionMap2009.pdf SLOPE FAILURE: The building site is located away from potential earthquake-induced slope failures or rockfalls so that it C NC N/A U is unaffected by such failures or is capable of accommodating any predicted movements without failure. (Commentary: 00 0 0 Sec. A.6.1.2. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1) Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LandslideMap2009.pdf C NC N/A U SURFACE FAULT RUPTURE: Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site are not anticipated. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1) $\mathbf{O}$ Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/FaultZoneMap2009.pdf

Source: University of California, Santa Cruz

UC Campus:	Santa C	Date:	06/28/2019					
Building CAAN:	Auxiliary CAAN: By Firm: Ruther			erford + Chekene				
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G			Checked:	WAL/BL		
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, C	Page:	1	of	3			

### ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration

# HIGH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR MODERATE SEISMICITY)

FO	UNC	ΙΤΑ	ON	CONFIGURATION
				Description
C		N/A	U	OVERTURNING: The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than $0.6S_a$ . (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3) <b>Comments:</b> Building width B = 40', Building Height is H = 14', B/H = 2.86 Sa = 1.28g per ATC at BSE-2E $0.6 \times Sa = 0.77$ B/H > 0.6 Sa
с 0		N/A		TIES BETWEEN FOUNDATION ELEMENTS: The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4) Comments: Concrete on grade ties to the perimeter foundations.

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UC Campi	JS: Santa	Cruz	Date:		06/28/2019						
Building CAA	N: 7499	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Ruth	erford + Che	kene					
Building Nam	IE: Elena Baskin Visua	al Arts Building G	Initials:	JY	Checked:	WAL/BL					
Building Addres	SS: Santa Cruz,	CA 95064	Page: 1 of 4								
ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W2											
	LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY										
SEISMIC-FOR	CE-RESISTING SYSTEM										
		Descriptio	n								
C NC N/A U	$S_{00} \wedge 3 2 1 1$ Tior 2: Soc 5 5 1 1)										
C NC N/A U	SHEAR STRESS CHECK: The she 4.4.3.3, is less than the following va					e of Section					
		Structural panel sheathing	1,000 lb/ft	:							
		Diagonal sheathing	700 lb/ft								
		Straight sheathing	100 lb/ft								
		All other conditions	100 lb/ft								
	<b>Comments:</b> The average shear stress in N-S In the E-W direction, this is not a	pplicable as the lateral force-rea		-							
C NC N/A U	STUCCO (EXTERIOR PLASTER) S seismic-force-resisting system. (Con <b>Comments:</b> Single story build	mmentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.2. Tier	2: Sec. 5.5.3.6	.1)							
C NC N/A U	GYPSUM WALLBOARD OR PLASTER SHEAR WALLS: Interior plaster or gypsum wallboard is not used for shear walls on buildings more than one story high with the exception of the uppermost level of a multi-story building. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)         Comments: Plywood and wood braced frames are used to resist lateral forces.										
C NC N/A U	NARROW WOOD SHEAR WALLS: Narrow wood shear walls with an aspect ratio greater than 2-to-1 are not used to resist seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1) Comments: Piers typically have aspect ratios of less than 2V:1H.										
C NC N/A U	WALLS CONNECTED THROUGH and shear forces through the floor. ( <b>Comments:</b> Single story struc	(Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.5. 1			stories to transfer	r overturning					

S	Source: University of California, Santa Cruz						Page: 000019			
	UC Campus: Santa Cruz Date				Date:	06/28/2019				
Βι	ilding	CAA	N: 7499	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Ruth	nerford + Che	kene		
Bu	uilding	Nam	Elena Baskin Visual	Arts Building G	Initials:	JY	Checked:	WAL/BL		
Build	ding A	ddres	S: Santa Cruz, C	A 95064	Page:	3	of	4		
	ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W2									
	NC       N/A       U       CRIPPLE WALLS: Cripple walls below first-floor-level shear walls are braced to the foundation with wood structural panels         (Commentary: Sec. A 3 2 7 7. Tier 2: Sec. 5 5 3 6 4)						ec. 5.5.3.6.3)			
	<ul> <li>aspect ratios of not more than 1.5-to-1 or are supported by adjacent construction through positive ties capable of transferring the seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.5)</li> <li>Comments: No large openings observed in wood shear walls.</li> </ul>									
				Des	cription					
		U	WOOD POSTS: There is a positive connection of wood posts to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.3. Tier 2: Sec 5.7.3.3) Comments: Simpson CB-68 or CB-88 connections are used for column base connection to concrete foundation per Detail 12 or Sheet S-7.							
		U	WOOD SILLS: All wood sills are bolted to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3) Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4'-0" o.c. per Detail 16 on Sheet S-7.							
			GIRDER/COLUMN CONNECTION: T the girder and the column support. (Co <b>Comments:</b> Structural steel angle w/ ¾" dia. thro	ommentary: Sec. A.5	.4.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.	1)				

Source: University of California, Santa Cruz

Page.	000020
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U	JC Ca	ampu	Santa Cruz Date: 06/28/2019						
Buil	ding	CAAI	N: 7499	Auxiliary CAAN:		By Firm:	Ruth	nerford + Che	kene
Buil	lding	Nam	Elena Baskin Visual /	Arts Building	G	Initials:	JY	Checked:	WAL/BL
Buildir	ng Ao	ddres	S: Santa Cruz, C	A 95064		Page:	3	of	4
GH	SEI	SM	Se Prevention Struct	tural Ch HE FOLI	necklist LOWINC	GITEMS			
NNE	ЕСТ		S						
					Descriptio	n			
	N/A	U	and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. 1	Tier 2: Sec. 5.7	7.3.3)	·	-		led for wood
<b>APHI</b>	RAG	SMS							
					Descriptio	n			
			(Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Se	ec. 5.6.1.1)	not composed	of split-level f	oors and c	lo not have expa	nsion joints.
NC			Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)			Ū	changes in	roof elevation. (C	Commentary
			the building width in either major plan o	dimension. (Co	ommentary: Se	ec. A.4.1.8. Tie	diaphragn r 2: Sec. 5.	n openings larger 6.1.5)	than 50% o
NC O			considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.	.1. Tier 2: Sec.		e aspect ratios	less than	2-to-1 in the dim	ection being
				ec. 5.6.2)		consist of woo	d structural	panels or diagona	al sheathing
			UC Campu Building CAAI Building Nam Building Addres COII aps COII	Building CAAN:       7499         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual /         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, C         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, C         Collapse Prevention Struct       F         GH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODE       NNECTIONS         NNECTIONS       WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spand concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7.1)         NC N/A U       WOOD SILL BOLTS: Wood sills are bolted         NPHRAGMS       Comments: Wood sills are bolted         NC N/A U       DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The dial (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. Comments: Single story structure)         NC N/A U       ROOF CHORD CONTINUITY: All choo Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Chord discontinuity of the building width in either major plan of Comments: No large opening of Considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. Science)         NC N/A U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. Science)         NC N/A U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. Science)         NC N/A U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. Science)	UC Campus:       Santa Cruz         Building CAAN:       7499       Auxiliary CAAN:         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, CA 95064         ASCE 4'       Collapse Prevention Structural Cline         GH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLL E ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE S         NNECTIONS       WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spaced at 6 ft (1.2 and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7 Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. and Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. and Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         NC       N/A       U         O       DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are r (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Single story structure.       Comments: Single story structure.         NC       N/A       U         O       DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT AT OPENINGS: T the building width in either major plan dimension. (Co Comments: No large opening observed in the 1         NC       N/A       U         NC       N/A       U	UC Campus:       Santa Cruz         Building CAAN:       7499       Auxiliary CAAN:         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, CA 95064         ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist         GH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING E ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMIC         NECTIONS         WOOD SILL BOLTS: SII bolts are spaced at 6 ft (1.6 m) or less wi and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)         Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4"         NPHRAGMS         Description (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Single story structure.         NC       N/A       U         DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: All chord elements are continuous, Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)       Comments: Single story structure.         NC       N/A       U       DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT AT OPENINGS: There is reinfor the building width in either major plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)         NC       N/A       U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight-sheathed diaphragms have considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)         NC       N/A       U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight-sheathed diaphragms have considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)	UC Campus:       Santa Cruz       Date:         Building CAAN:       7499       Auxiliary CAAN:       By Firm:         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G       Initials:         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, CA 95064       Page:         ASCE 41-17       Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Bu         GH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS E ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)       NNECTIONS         NNECTIONS       Description         NC N/A U       WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spaced at 6 ft (1.6 m) or less with acceptable 6 and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)         Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4-0" o.c. per Det         NPHRAGMS       Description         NC N/A U       DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are not composed of split-level ft (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Single story structure.       Comments: Chord discontinuity occur at each roof offset locations.         NC N/A U       DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT AT OPENINGS: There is reinforcing around all the building width in either major plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.8. Tie Comments: No large opening observed in the roof diaphragm.         NC N/A U       STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight-sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)         Comments: Roof is sheathed with plywood.       SPANS: All wood diaphra	UC Campus:       Santa Cruz       Date:         Building CAAN:       7499       Auxiliary CAAN:       By Firm:       Rutt         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G       Initials:       JY         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, CA 95064       Page:       3         ASCEE 41-17         Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building         GH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN AD E ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)         NNECTIONS         Description         NC N/A U       WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spaced at 6 ft (1.8 m) or less with acceptable edge and er and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)         Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4-0" o.c. per Detail 16 on S         NPHRAGMS         Description         NC N/A U         DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are not composed of split-level floors and of (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Single story structure.         NC N/A U         DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: All chord elements are continuous, regardless of changes in Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Sole Story structure.         NC N/A U	UC Campus:       Santa Cruz       Date:       06/28/2019         Building CAAN:       7499       Auxiliary CAAN:       By Firm:       Rutherford + Che         Building Name:       Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building G       Initials:       JY       Checked:         Building Address:       Santa Cruz, CA 95064       Page:       3       of         ASCE 41-17         Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W/         GI SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION T E ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)         NNECTIONS         Oscillapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W/         Oscillapse For Low AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)         NNECTIONS         Netroins For Low AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)         NNECTIONS         Oscillapse Prevention Structure Seismicity)         NNECTIONS         Netroins with acceptable edge and end distance provid and concrete. (Commentary: A5.37. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.33)         Comments: Wood sils are spaced at 6 ft (16 m) or less with acceptable edge and end distance provid and concrete. (Commentary: A5.37. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)         Comments: Wood sils are spaced at 6 ft (16 m) or less with acceptable edge and end distance provid and concrete. (Commentary: Sec. A4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec

Source: Univers	ity of California, Santa Cruz				Page: 00	0021
UC Campu	JS: Sa	nta Cruz	Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAA	N: 7499	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Ruth	nerford + Che	kene
Building Nam	ie: Elena Baskin V	isual Arts Building G	Initials:	JY Checked: WAL/BL		WAL/BL
Building Addres	SS: Santa C	ruz, CA 95064	Page:	3 <b>of</b> 4		4
Collaps	Se Prevention Str DIAGONALLY SHEATHED ANE diaphragms have horizontal spa Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) Comments: 5/8" plywood OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The dia bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4 Comments: 5/8" plywood	D UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS ns less than 40 ft (12.2 m) and h aphragms do not consist of a s	5: All diagonally she nave aspect ratios le	athed or un ess than or	blocked wood stru equal to 4-to-1. (C	uctural panel commentary:







### **APPENDIX C**

# UCOP Seismic Safety Policy Falling Hazards Assessment Summary

#### RUTHERFORD + CHEKENE ruthchek.com

UC Camp	ous:	Santa Ci	ruz		Date:		06/28/2019	
Building CA	AN:	7499	Auxiliary CAAN:		By Firm:	Ruth	erford + Che	kene
Building Na	me:	EBASK BL	DG G		Initials:	JY	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Addre	ess:	Santa Cruz, C	A 95064		Page:		of	
		UCOP SEIS Falling Hazard	d Asses	Sment Description	Summa	ary		
P N/A □ ⊠	largo Cor	vy ceilings, features or ornamen e numbers of people congregate nments:	(50 ppl or mor	re)		iums, lobb	es, or other are	eas where
P N/A □ ⊠	Cor	vy masonry or stone veneer abov nments:	-					
P N/A □ ⊠		raced masonry parapets, cornice nments:	es, or other orr	namentation a	above exit wa	ys or public	access areas	
P N/A □ ⊠		estrained hazardous material sto nments:	rage					
P N/A □ ⊠		onry chimneys nments:						
P N/A □ ⊠		estrained natural gas-fueled equi nments:	pment such as	s water heate	rs, boilers, en	nergency ge	enerators, etc.	
P N/A ⊠ □	Cor	er: Lockers in corridor and in roo nments: Lockers are not prope						
P N/A ⊠ □		er: Storage mezzanine nments: Items on the mezzanin	ne are falling h	azards during	g an earthqual	ke event.		
P N/A □ □	Othe Cor	er: nments:						

Falling Hazards Risk: Low





RUTHERFORD + CHEKENE ruthchek.com Evaluator: JY/WAL/BL Date: 06/28/2019

# APPENDIX D

# **Quick Check Calculations**

# Unit Weights:

	Seismic Weight	Dead Load	
Main BLDG Roof	psf		Remarks
roofing	3	3	Metal roof per arch dwg; Product specification not available
5/8" plywood	1.5	1.5	at 36 pcf
rafter	4	4	2x10 @ 16" o.c.
MEP	3	6	
ceiling	2	2	typ. gypboard ceiling panels
misc+lighting	5	5	
partition including shear walls	7.5		half of 15 psf
Total	26	21	

	Seismic Weight	Dead Load	
Canopy Roof	psf		Remarks
roofing	3	3	Metal roof per arch dwg; Product specification not available
5/8" plywood	1.5	1.5	at 36 pcf
rafter	3	3	2x8 @ 24" o.c.
misc.+lighting	2	2	
Total	10	8	

	Seismic Weight	Dead Load	
Storage Mezzanine	psf		Remarks
3/4" plywood	2	2	at 33 pcf
joists	3.5	3.5	2x10 @16
misc+lighting	6	6	
Storage	35	35	Assumed weight
Total	47	47	

	Seismic Weight	Dead Load	
Print Studio	psf		Remarks
roofing	3	3	asphalt shingles and felt underlayment
5/8" plywood	1.5	1.5	at 33 pcf
rafter	2	2	2x10 @ 16" o.c.
MEP+misc+lighting	15	15	
ceiling	2	2	
partition including shear walls	10		account for more than typ. # of partitions observed during site visit
Total	34	24	

# **Story Weights**

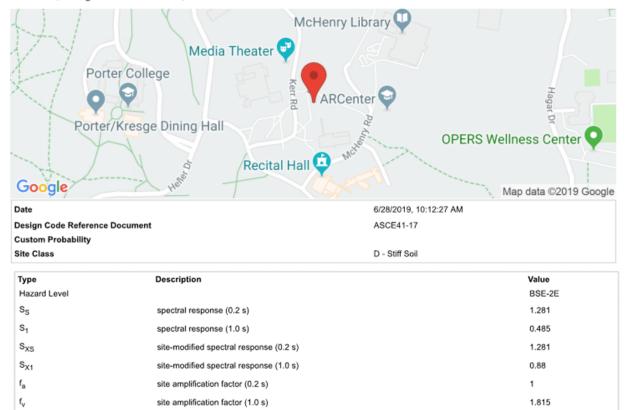
Level	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Unit Weight (psf)	Seismic Weight (kips)
Typ. Roof	1775	26	45
Storage Mezz	140	47	7
Canopy Roof	1061	10	10
Print Studio	2650	34	89
			151

### Period

C <sub>t</sub> =	0.02	
h <sub>n</sub> (ft)=	14	
B=	0.75	
T=	0.14	sec

# **BSE-2E Response Spectrum**

Latitude, Longitude: 36.994539, -122.061018



# **Story Shears**

Sa=	1.28	
W=	151	kips
C=	1.3	from Table 4-7

V=	251 kips	
----	----------	--

k=

1.00

Story Shears							
Floor Levels	height	total height	Weight	weight*height^k	coeff	Fx	Story Shear
Roof	14.33	14.3	151	2159	1.00	251	251
				2159		251	

# **Average Stress:**

Ms=	4.5 CP of wood shear wall									
N-S direction (Transverse)										
Level	Force (kips)	length of wall (ft)	average shear stress (plf)							
Roof	251	100		557						